

Training On-Device Ranking Models from Cross-User Interactions in a Privacy-Preserving Fashion

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ABSTRACT

Personal search is concerned with surfacing content relevant to an information need (as expressed by a query) from a user’s personal information repository. Since personal corpora are typically much smaller than public ones (particularly the web), recall is more of an issue. Moreover, since documents are not shared among users, cross-user interaction signals (such as co-clicked results for identical or similar queries) cannot be leveraged in a straightforward manner. When limited to a single user, interaction signals are typically too sparse to be useful as labels or as features in learned ranking functions.

Bendersky et al. [3] recently described a methodology for leveraging user interactions in the form of clicked search results in a way that allowed them to aggregate interactions across the entire user base of a personal search service, by projecting both queries and documents into a shared, dense feature space, and training a ranking function on these features using result clicks as relevance judgments. Using clicks as relevance labels requires accounting for the inherent selection bias in click logs, which can be measured through short-lived result randomization experiments on a portion of users [7, 12] or learned jointly with the ranking function [2, 13].

In the past several years there has been a lot of interest in training machine-learned models in a federated fashion, suitable for on-device training and inference [8]. To prevent leakage of personal information, one can leverage ideas from differential privacy, where noise is added to any training record proportional to the sensitivity of that record [5]. Several recent works have studied the topic of learning with differential privacy in a federated setting [1, 4, 6]. In the same time period there has been tremendous interest in the IR community on privacy-preserving IR, manifested by three workshops and two tutorials; see <https://privacypreservingir.org> for a good overview.

Can we adapt the ideas from on-device learning using privacy-preserving federated shared models to personal information retrieval? Fundamentally, ranked retrieval from personal corpora involves three types of data, all of which are privacy sensitive: documents (e.g. files, photos, messages, music, videos etc); queries (including query reformulations and refinements over the course of a search session), and implicit feedback such as click and attention signals [9]. Much of the existing work in privacy-safe federated learning has focused on marrying stochastic gradient descent-style

optimizations with differential privacy (see e.g. [11]). Some portions of the framework for jointly estimating position bias and training a ranking function [13] (e.g. using gradient boosted decision trees as a ranker) fit nicely into such a framework; other aspects (e.g. enforcing k -anonymity thresholds on query and document n -grams) will require new research. The same holds true for other search improvements that involve learning, such as improving recall through synonym expansions trained from query reformulations or result co-clicks [10].

We hope that this abstract will inspire researcher in Information Retrieval to explore this exciting new frontier of privacy-safe on-device personal search.

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